- **Pergunta 1** Choose the correct sentences according to the definite and indefinite rules.

Choose the alternative that only presents correct sentences.

I) There is the new English book on the desk.

II) She's reading an old comic.

III) My friend wants to be the astronaut.

IV) Mount Everest is the highest mountain on earth.

V) The Loch Ness is a most famous lake in Scotland.Resposta

Resposta Selecionada: ☑ e.
II and IVResposta Correta: ☑ e. II and IV

Feedback da resposta: Item I está incorreta porque não a frase não especifica o livro que está sobre a mesa, então artigo indefinido. Item III: com profissões usa-se sempre artigo indefinido. Item V não usamos artigo definido com lagos, como é o caso, alem disso, é necessário usar artigo definido para superlativos.

Pergunta 2

Complete the blanks with the Past Continuous form. Choose the correct alternative.

I) When I phoned my friends, they _____ (play) monopoly.

II) Yesterday at six I _____ (prepare) dinner.

III) The kids _____ (play) in the garden when it suddenly began to rain.

IV) I _____ (practise) the guitar when he came home.

V) We _____ (not cycle) all day.

Resposta Correta: ☑ c.
were playing; was preparing; were playing; was practising; were not cycling.

Feedback da resposta: Past Continuous é formado pelo to be no passado was-were + verbo principal + ing. Lembrando que temos sempre de fazer a concordância verbal: He, she, it, I – was e you, we, they – were.

Complete the blanks with the Past Continuous form. Choose the correct alternative.

I) While Marcos _____ (work) in his room, his friends _____ (swim) in the pool.

II) I tried to tell them the truth but they _____ (not listen) .

III) What _____ (you / do) yesterday at this time?

Resposta

Resposta Selecionada: ☑ c.
was working; were swimming ; were not listening; were you doing;

Resposta Correta: ☑ c.
was working; were swimming ; were not listening; were you doing;

Feedback da resposta: Past Continuous é formado pelo to be no passado was-were + verbo principal + ing. Lembrando que temos sempre de fazer a concordância verbal: He, she, it, I – was e you, we, they – were.

Complete the small dialogue. Choose the correct answer.

A: How long was Paula in your home yesterday?

B: _____

Resposta Resposta Selecionada: ☑ c. For four hours.Resposta Correta: ☑ c. For four hours.
Feedback da resposta: For four hours. How long indica tempo.

- **Pergunta 5**

0,3 em 0,3 pontos

Complete the small dialogue. Choose the correct answer.

A: What were you doing last Saturday night?

B: _____

Resposta

Resposta Selecionada: ☑ a.
We were visiting grandma.

Resposta Correta: ☑ a.
We were visiting grandma.

Feedback da resposta: We were visiting grandma. You na pergunta, resposta com We (nós).

Complete the small dialogue. Choose the correct answer.

A: _____?

B: It was very hot.

Resposta Resposta Selecionada: ☑ a. How was the weather?Resposta Correta: ☑ a. How was the weather?
Feedback da resposta: How was the weather? Pergunta sobre o clima, já que a resposta é (estava muito quente)

Complete the gaps with "some" (for non-count nouns) or "a" (for count nouns). Choose the correct alternative.

Parte superior do formulário

Yesterday, I went with my family for a picnic at the beach. We took lots of food, because we're all greedy! First of all, we packed _____ chocolate to eat in the car on the way to the beach. For the first course, we took _____ soup and _____ loaf of bread. For the main course, we decided on a chicken and salad sandwich for each person, along with _____rice. Finally, we packed a melon big enough for everyone to get _____ slice. Of course, we also took _____ tea and coffee, and _____ liter of ice-cream. It seemed like a huge quantity of food, but unfortunately we ate it all in the car! By the time we got to the beach, there was nothing left.

Resposta
Resposta Selecionada: ☑ b.
some; some; a; some; a, some; a;

Resposta Correta: ☑ b.
some; some; a; some; a, some; a;

Feedback da resposta: chocolate, soup, rice, tea and coffee são substantivos incontáveis,portanto devemos usar some. Já, loaf e slice fazem com que os substantivos tornem-se contáveis, por isso utiliza-se ¨a¨. Complete the sentence with the correct modifier. Choose the correct alternative.

Tom has recently bought _____ wine for his collection.

Resposta
Resposta Selecionada: ☑ b. lot ofResposta Correta: ☑ b. a lot ofFeedback da resposta: por causa do substantivo Wine, temos de usar a lot of.

Complete the sentences with the correct quantifier. Choose the correct alterantive.

I) _____ money have you got?

II) _____ cigarettes Have you smoked?

III) There isn’t _____ sugar in the cupboard.

IV) There weren’t _____ people at the party.

Resposta

Resposta Selecionada: ☑ a.

How much; how many; much; many.

Resposta Correta: ☑ a.

How much; how many; much; many.

Feedback da resposta: money e sugar são substantivos incontáveis, portanto, temos de usar much; cigarettes e people são contáveis, usa-se many.

Read and point out the correct verb tense. Choose the correct alternative.

What were you doing on Friday night:

I was visiting a friend.

Resposta

Resposta Selecionada: ☑ e.

past continuous

Resposta Correta: ☑ e.

past continuous

Feedback da resposta: O tempo verbal é o past continuous.Friday night é o indicativo de passado.